NL AZMP STANDARD SECTIONS 2009

AZMP SURVEYS 2009

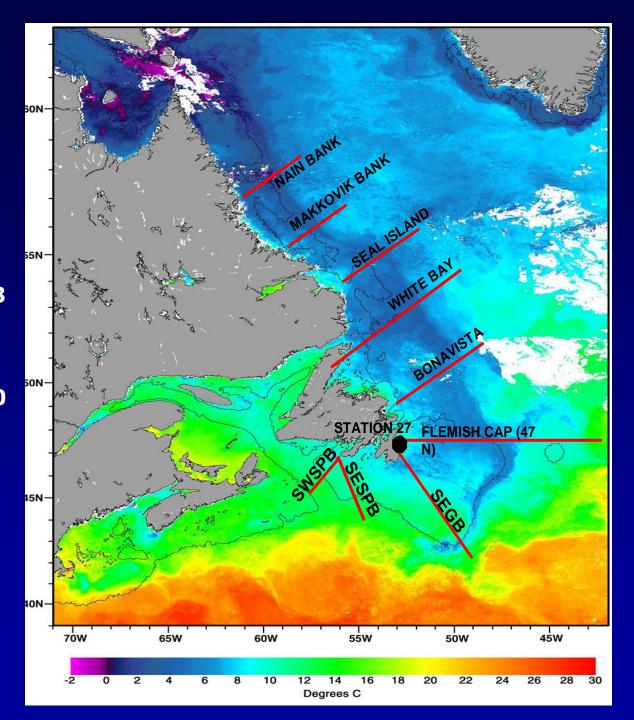
1.Teleost Trip 886 April 26 to May 15 (19 days)

2.Teleost Trip 890 July 10-28 (19 days)

3.Hudson Trip 929 (865)
November 21 to December 10
(18 days)

A total of 56 ship-days

CTD, oxygen, nutrients, chlorophyll, phytoplankton composition, zooplankton abundance and composition



Ecosystem Research Initiative goals

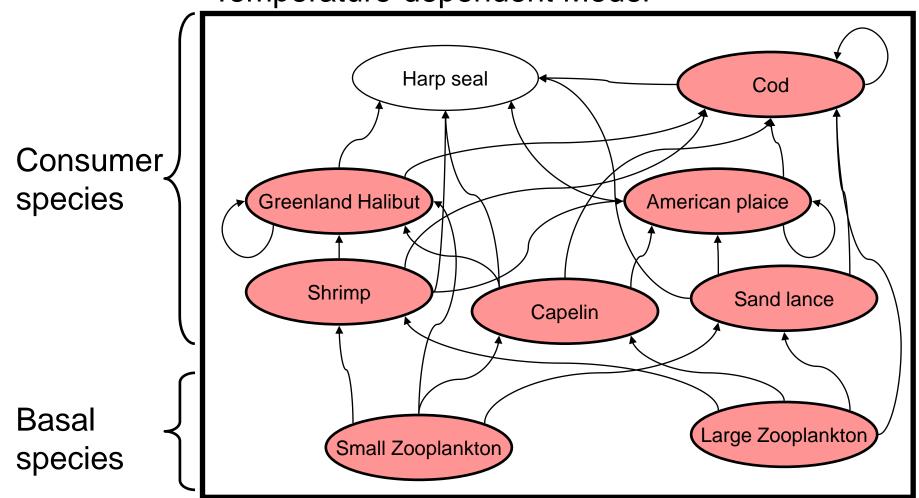
- To enhance the capability of NL surveys in providing information on ecosystem status and main trends by improving monitoring on forage fishes, non-commercial species, major benthic components, and trophic interactions.
- To identify and track main pathways of energy in the NL system by integrating results from trophodynamic and statistical models with trends and patterns in ecosystem indicators.

Highlights relevant to climate change research

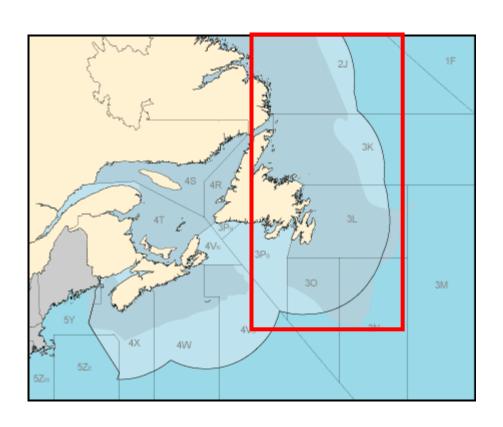
- Models are size structured
- Physiological processes are temperature dependent
- Forage fish productivity linked to dynamics (variability) in lower trophic levels
- Multispecies functional feeding response are key elements of the model – changes in spatial distribution and overlap can affect trophic interactions

Modelling the Newfoundland shelf: and a first pass to climate change

Temperature-dependent Model

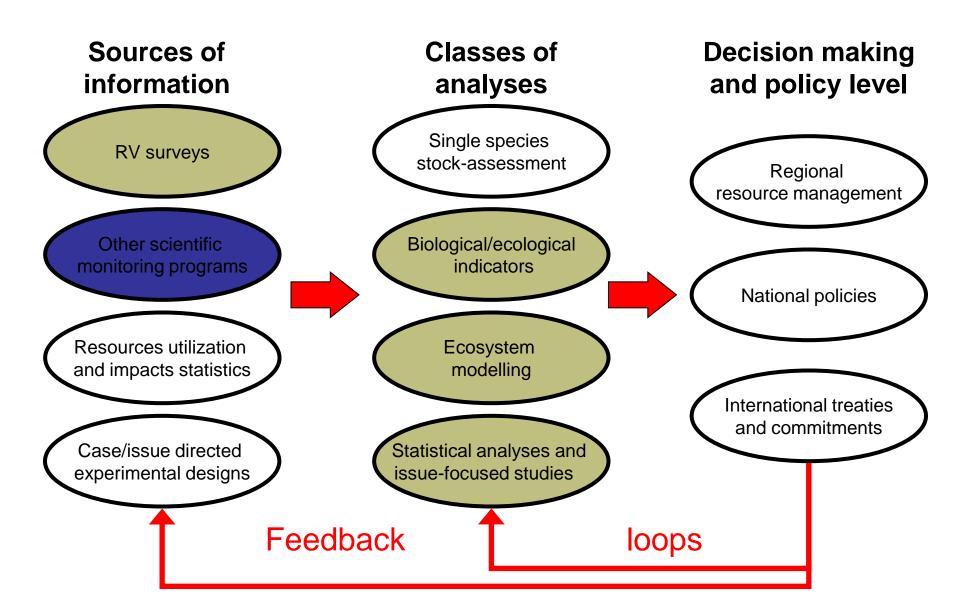


ERI coverage



NAFO Divisions: 2J3KLNO

Where is ERI working?



ERI outcomes

- Status and trends in main forage fish species.
- Structure, changes and trends in the fish community.
- Characterization and patterns of main components of benthic communities.
- Trophic interactions among key components of the NL marine community.
- Identify anthropogenic and environmental drivers of changes in structure and trends